

Course title:	Seduction and Terror: Hitler's Germany
Instructor:	Dr. Robert G. Waite
Email address:	bwaite9@hotmail.com ; waite@gdw-berlin.de
Language of instruction:	English
Contact hours:	48 (6 per day)
ECTS credits:	4
Prerequisites:	Students should be able to speak and read English at the upper intermediate level (B2) or higher. No prior knowledge is necessary. Students should be interested in and curious about Germany under Hitler's rule.

Course description

The 'Thousand Year Reich' promised by Hitler when he became Chancellor of Germany in January 1933 lasted but 12 years. During this time, Hitler and his Nazi Party came to dominate the continent, terrorized vast numbers of Germans and Europeans, launched a devastating war, dominated, and laid waste to much of Europe, and orchestrated the murder of more than five million Jews. Despite the terror and vast destruction, Hitler and the Nazi Party gained and retained the active support and involvement of most Germans. How was this possible? What roles did seduction and terror, consent and coercion, play?

This class focuses on Hitler's Germany, and it begins with the 19th century background. Central to this session will be a discussion of the broad political currents, the agitators and petty demagogues who fueled the dissatisfaction and spread it widely. We will also examine the popular literature that Hitler and many of his supporters read and absorbed.

Crucial to understanding the lure of Hitler and the Nazi Party was Germany's experience in the First World War, a conflict that decimated a generation and destroyed Europe as it was known. In its wake it left a shattered, humiliated, and deeply torn Germany. In this climate of uncertainty and despair, Hitler and the Nazi Party grew from a small group on the fringe of radical politics in Munich into a national force. This development is of central importance to this session. Those traits of Hitler crucial to his success, particularly his charisma, will be defined and analyzed within the broader political context of the political and cultural life of the Weimar Republic.

On January 30, 1933, Hitler gained the long desired but elusive goal: he became chancellor of Germany, the leader of a coalition government. The political intrigues leading to his appointment will be discussed. Much attention will be paid in this session to how Hitler, his cabinet, and supporters were able to consolidate the control over the state and society within a matter of months. This came at the cost of political liberties, through the growing use of ter-

ror, oppression, and intimidation. Yet, Hitler gained supporters as he seemingly offered economic stability and a new unity to the German people. How did the regime solidify its control over society and over political life? Was it seduction or terror, consent or coercion?

A key element of Hitler's rule was the concentration camp system, what came to be a vast network of prisons, centers of oppression and death. How this developed from the hundreds of small concentration camps set up in Berlin and across Germany shortly after Hitler's take-over of power in 1933 to the well-organized and highly centralized system by 1939 will be the focus of this session. During the war, the concentration camp system spread across Germany and occupied Europe.

Hitler's ambitions, the conquest of 'living space' in Eastern Europe, the ruthless exploitation of these territories, and the annihilation of the Jews, motivated his foreign ambitions and led directly to World War II, the most destructive conflict in human history. We will also discuss the measures taken against POWs, the handicapped, homosexuals, Sinti and Roma within Germany and in the occupied territories.

In Germany and in occupied Europe opposition and resistance emerged and challenged Nazi rule. Opponents were motivated by a variety of reasons, some personal, some political. These too will be discussed as well as the regime's ruthless efforts to eradicate all opposition.

Lastly, the class will examine the end of the war, the so-called 'zero hour', the destruction and collapse of Nazi Germany. Soon, the reckoning with the Nazi past through investigations and criminal prosecutions, and the widespread non-reckoning among the German public, began. Only since the late 1960s has Germany looked openly and critically at its Nazi past and only then began establishing a series of memorials and monuments, a number of which we will be visiting.

We will be visiting local museums, historical sites and locations that reveal the operations of Nazi rule. These visits to sites in and near Berlin are a key element of the class and the experience of studying here. Please note that field trips are subject to change depending on the availability of appointments and speakers; on field trip days, class hours may be adjusted.

Student Profile

We welcome students from all disciplines who are interested in gaining an insight into the operations and dynamics of Nazi rule in Germany, its attempt to annihilate the Jews and to dominate the continent.

Required language skills

The language of instruction is English. Language proficiency on an advanced Intermediate level (Mittelstufe II) is a prerequisite for participation. For orientation purposes, you can assess your language skills here (Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR): <https://rm.coe.int/CoERMPublicCommonSearchServices/DisplayDCTMContent?documentId=090000168045bb52>)

Course requirements

Attendance in class, the careful reading of the assigned course materials, participation in the field trips, the discussion of the material in class, the completion of two short research papers (2-4 pages), and the final examination. Guidelines for the papers as well as suggested topics will be provided during the first session.

Grading

Class participation 20%
 Two short papers 40%
 Final exam 40%

Readings

A digital course reader will be provided. This includes sections from recent monographs on Nazi Germany, a selection of articles offering the newest research and insights, excerpts from original documents (in translation), and a weekly schedule of the readings. At the orientation a guide to the readings, a series of questions to guide through each of the texts, will be provided. The first quarter of each session will be devoted to the discussion of the assigned reading for that date.

Course schedule

Date	Program*
Thursday, January 5, 2023	<p>Session 1 Introduction. Imperial Germany – the 19th century background. Politics, society, and economic growth – Germany as a world power</p> <p>Session 2 The Great War and its aftermath. Political chaos and revolution: the early years of the Weimar Republic. Hitler and the beginnings of the NSDAP, 1919-1924</p> <p>Session 3 Field trip: Topography of Terror</p>
Monday, January 9, 2023	<p>Session 1 The Weimar Republic, 1925-1933. Hitler and the rise of the NSDAP, 1924-1933</p> <p>Session 2 The Nazi seizure of power: Hitler as Chancellor, 1933-1935; seduction and terror as instruments of rule</p> <p>Session 3 Field trip: Pape Street Memorial Site – early SA concentration camp</p>
Wednesday, January 11, 2023	<p>Session 1 Hitler and the Nazi Party in power: remaking society and political life. Anti-Semitism as state policy, 1933-1939</p> <p>Session 2 Hitler’s ‘national community’. State and society: women and youth. Insiders and outsiders – ‘national comrades’ and ‘community aliens’</p> <p>Session 3 Field trip: House of the Wannsee Conference 1st paper due (2-4 pages)</p>

Thursday, January 12, 2023	<p>Session 1 to Session 3 The concentration camp system: its evolution and development from 1933 to 1945. Field trip - Sachsenhausen Concentration Camp Memorial Center</p>
Monday, January 16, 2023	<p>Session 1 Hitler's ambitions abroad: Nazi foreign policy, Europe, and the outbreak of war in 1939 Session 2 War and German society: solidarity and defiance, euphoria, and despair Session 3 Field trip: German Resistance Memorial Center</p>
Thursday, January 19, 2023	<p>Session 1 The Nazi regime at war: Barbarossa, the eastern front and the battling the world Session 2 Nazi occupation policies in western and eastern Europe Session 3 Field trip: Museum Berlin-Karlshorst (formerly, German-Russian Museum Karlshorst) 2nd paper due (2-4 pages)</p>
Monday, January 23, 2023	<p>Session 1 Holocaust: the annihilation of the Jews of Europe Session 2 Opposition and resistance to the Nazi regime. The war in Europe ends. Zero Hour Session 3 Memorial for the Murdered Jews of Europe, Memorial for the Persecuted Homosexuals, and Memorial for the Murdered Sinti-and Roma</p>
Wednesday, January 25, 2023	<p>Sessions 1 and 2 Final Exam 2:30 pm FUBiS Farewell Ceremony</p>

*Field trips may be subject to change depending on the availability of appointments and speakers. On field trip days, adaptation of class times is possible.